Verbal De-Escalation Strategies

Approach from the side: DO NOT approach the person causing harm from behind or get directly in their face

Name the Behavior



Address the **specific behavior** that is inappropriate, offensive, or violent. Don't use harmful labels or sarcasm.

Step It Down

To avoid "shushing" the person causing harm, match their vocal intensity. The goal is to slowly "step it down," or speak in an **increasingly calm tone**. They may follow your lead without even realizing it.

"I" Statements



Use "I" statements to voice your feelings and wishes without expressing judgment so as not to put the person causing harm on the defensive.

Lose to Win

Self-defense is **anything** you do to keep yourself safe. Sometimes, you have to make compromises to protect your or another person's immediate safety.

Say "No"

You always have the right to say, "No," or "Stop," or "That is not okay."

Broken Record



Repeat the same statement until the person causing harm corrects their behavior or exits the situation.

Assertive Ignoring

Sometimes, ignoring can be a proactive decision. By **choosing not to engage**, you can de-escalate a situation. But stay aware. If the situation continues to escalate, be prepared to use another strategy.

Get to "We"



Use "we" to foster a **sense of unity**. When you create a "we," the person causing harm is less likely to direct their anger towards you.

Interrupting

Interrupt or distract from either the person causing harm or the situation.

