

2025



Expanding Communities, Expanding Needs: Asian Communities in New York City Council Districts

Introduction¹

On November 4th, 2025, New Yorkers will head to the polls to decide who will represent them in New York's city council.² All 51 New York City council seats are up for election this year, including 10 open seats due to term limits and resignations. This race also marks the first time all Council Members will face election under the [newly-drawn district boundaries](#) that first went into effect in 2023.³

Some key findings include:

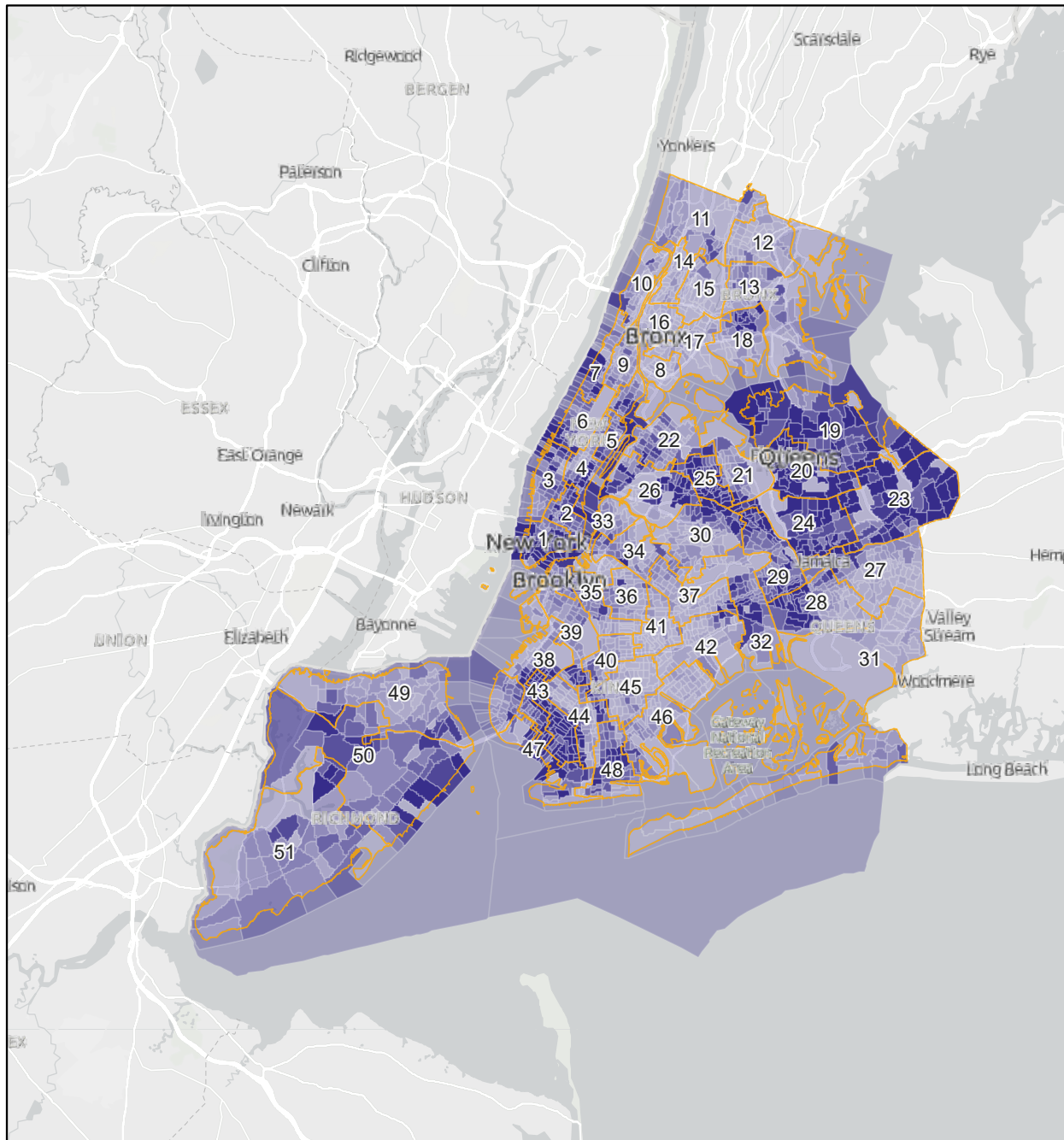
- **The Asian population has continued to grow and disperse across New York City** and made up over 10% of the population in 28 out of 51 city council districts.
- Distinct **clusters of Asian ethnic communities continued to thrive in specific neighborhoods** and city council districts throughout New York City, with a notable concentration in areas such as Flushing, Sunset Park, Bayside, and Jackson Heights.
- **New York City's largest Asian ethnic groups were Chinese** with 631,328 residents, followed by Indians at 257,314 residents, then Filipino, Bangladeshi, and Korean, each with around 100,000 residents.
- City Council Districts 20, 23, 43, 25, and 19 had the largest number of Asian residents, listed in descending order.
- **Limited English Proficiency (LEP) remained a significant challenge for Asian New Yorkers.** In twelve council districts, more than half of the Asian population have LEP, and in 41 districts, at least 25% of Asians report LEP.
- **Poverty was a pressing issue for Asians.** In 14 council districts, more than 1 in 5 Asians live in poverty, at least 1 in 6 Asian households rely on Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) benefits in the majority of council districts, and in 16 districts, at least half of Asian households were rent burdened.

¹ This brief uses estimations derived from American Community Surveys 2023 5-year Select Population Tables and 2020 Decennial Census Summary Files. The methodology to arrive at these estimates is derived from methodology created by Howard Shih and approved by the Census Bureau.

² <https://www.nycctfb.info/candidate-services/disclosure-deadlines/2025>

³ https://nyc.redistrictingandyou.org/?districtType=cc&propA=current_2013&propB=council_plan_oct6&opacity=2#%26map=9.01/40.7094/-73.9412

Asian Population in New York City Council Districts (2023)



4/30/2025

NYC City Council Districts

Asian Population

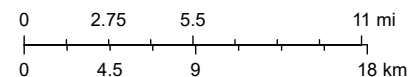


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Sources: Esri, TomTom, Garmin, FAO, NOAA, USGS, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community. Sources: Esri, TomTom, Garmin, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

Produced by the Asian American Federation Census Information Center. Data Source: 2023 American Community Survey 5-year Estimates, U.S. Census Bureau. View online: <https://aafny.maps.arcgis.com/apps/mapviewer/index.html?webmap=51e27ce5f72f4110b75c596aac4954f6>

Population Change⁴

Asians have continued to be the fastest growing group in New York City with over 1.5 million New Yorkers identifying as Asian.⁵ While COVID-19 impacted the total number of Asians living in the city, many changes to the city's demographic makeup follow similar trends observed in previous [years](#). Of the five districts with the highest total Asian population, only one, District 43, was located in Brooklyn. The remaining four were in Queens, namely Districts 20, 23, 25, and 19. District 20 maintained its position as the city council district with the highest Asian population, boasting 100,533 Asian residents, a 12.3% increase from 2018.

Queens had more Asian residents than any other borough in NYC.

Growth Rate

Since 2018, the Asian population in 16 city council districts experienced growth rates in the double digits. Among the 10 council districts with more than 50,000 Asian

residents as of 2020, the largest percentage growth of the Asian population occurred in Queens and Brooklyn. Asian populations continued to grow in areas such as Flushing, Queens and Sunset Park, Brooklyn.

However, not all districts saw such growth. Districts 24 and 29 in Queens, as well as District 1 in Manhattan's Chinatown, experienced notable population losses. Council Districts 1 and 24 experienced a drop of about 8% of their Asian population, while District 29 lost approximately 12% of its Asian population.

The Asian population in Manhattan's famous Chinatown is going down year after year.

Manhattan's oldest and most famous Chinatown, located in the Lower East Side, continued to experience a long-running, slow decline in its Asian population. Over the years, Chinatown's population has aged, partly because younger residents have moved to other areas. Through conversations with the local community, AAF has observed that adult children of older immigrants, who originally settled in the neighborhood between the 1970s and 1990s, were relocating to other areas of the city or other parts of the United States, while the older members of their families had remained in the neighborhood. While the average age of Chinatown residents has increased since the 2020 Decennial Census, the number of Asian households has remained largely stable, indicating that the population change continues to be driven by younger adults moving away from the area.

⁴ Note on methodology: To arrive at these estimates, AAF compared 2023 and 2018 American Community Survey 5-Year data available at the Census tract level, weighted by 2020 census block data. To account for the redistricting that took place in 2023, 2023 City Council boundaries were projected onto 2018 census tracts to allow for comparisons over time. 2018 is the latest dataset that the Census Bureau recommends using in comparison to the 2023 ACS dataset.

⁵ For the purposes of this brief, AAF used Asian alone or in combination data when available. For certain tabulations, the Census Bureau only offers statistics for Asian alone.

Our analysis also highlights a continued trend of Asian populations growing more dispersed across the city. Notably, the nine city council districts that saw a 25% change in their Asian populations all had fewer than 50,000 residents, except for Districts 25 and 26, which represent the Flushing corridor in Queens. This pattern indicates that, apart from these two districts, which experienced a rapid increase in total Asian population, much of the change to the demographic landscape was being driven by Asians moving to or starting families in areas that historically had smaller Asian communities. For example, since 2018, Districts 50 and 51 in Staten Island had each seen growth rates of approximately 60% despite neither beginning with more than 18,000 Asian residents.

The Asian population is growing even in city council districts that have historically not had many Asian residents.

Highlights for Asian Groups

Chinese

Chinese (excluding Taiwanese) were the largest Asian group in the city, with 631,328 residents. Districts 20 and 19 in Queens, Districts 43 and 38 in Brooklyn, and District 1 in Manhattan account for the highest concentrations of Chinese residents in the city. Despite a decline in overall population, District 1 in Manhattan maintained one of the largest Chinese populations in the city.

There are more Chinese residents in New York City than any other Asian group.

Indian

The second most populous Asian group in New York City was Indian, with 257,314 residents. Queens was home to 59% of New York City's Indian population, with Districts 23, 28, 29, 24, and 32 having the highest concentrations. The top three districts each had over 20,000 Indian residents. The remainder of the Indian population was relatively evenly dispersed throughout the city with most districts having Indian populations ranging from 3,000 to 4,000. Citywide, only five districts had an Indian population of less than 1,000.

Filipino

Filipinos were the third-largest Asian group in the city, comprising 103,431 residents across the five boroughs. The districts with the five largest Filipino populations were all located in Queens, spread across Districts 23, 25, 26, 24, and 30, each with over 5,000 Filipino residents. District 23 had the highest number of Filipino residents, at 7,427, with District 25 close behind at 7,157.

Bangladeshi

The Bangladeshi community ranked as the fourth-largest Asian group throughout the city with a population of 100,517 residents. Queens had the distinction of having the top four districts with the largest Bangladeshi populations, namely Districts 24, 27, 25, and 26. In the Bronx where the borough's total Bangladeshi residents was 13,588, District

18 was home to the largest concentration of Bangladeshi residents at approximately 8,600.

Korean

Koreans were the fifth largest Asian group in the city with a population of 99,125 residents. Queens remains home to the three city council districts with the largest Korean populations—Districts 19, 20, and 23—encompassing neighborhoods such as Flushing, Whitestone, Bayside, and surrounding areas. When AAF last published a [City Council brief](#) in 2021, Koreans were the third-largest group. However, this change in ranking was primarily due to the increase in New York’s South Asian population, rather than an exodus of Koreans.

Additional Asian American Communities

The sixth-largest Asian group in New York City was the **Pakistani community**, comprising 60,064 residents, with the majority concentrated in Brooklyn and Queens. In northeastern Queens, District 23 had the largest number of Pakistanis with 4,174 residents. Three districts in Brooklyn, 44, 45, and 47, each had more than 3,000 Pakistanis.

The **Japanese**, with a population of 41,286, were the City’s seventh-largest Asian group, and were primarily concentrated in Manhattan, with Districts 2 through 6 each having more than 2,000 Japanese residents. District 26 in Queens was the only other district in the entire city with more than 2,000 Japanese residents.

Smaller Asian ethnic groups had populations concentrated in select districts:

Of the 27,574 **Vietnamese residents** in New York City, the largest population lived in District 13 in the Bronx, followed by Districts 22 and 30 in Queens.

Across the city, there were 21,164 **Uzbek residents**, with Brooklyn’s District 48 home to 4,498 of them—more than twice the number found in any other district. Additionally, Districts 44, 43, and 47 in Brooklyn, as well as Districts 24 and 29 in Queens, housed more than 1,500 Uzbeks.

The city’s **Taiwanese population** was primarily concentrated in Districts 19, 20, 26, and 29 in Queens. In Manhattan, Districts 4, 1, and 2 had Taiwanese populations exceeding 1,000 residents. Previous AAF research has found that American Community Survey estimates consistently report smaller Taiwanese populations compared to decennial census counts. This suggests that major outreach by Taiwanese civic organizations during each census likely encouraged more individuals to self-report as Taiwanese, rather than Chinese.

In Queens, District 25 had the largest population of **Thai residents** with 1,925 residents.

Queens also had the largest **Nepalese community** of all boroughs, primarily concentrated in Districts 25, 26, and 30.

The three districts with the largest **Sri Lankan populations** were all located in Staten Island, specifically in Districts 49, 50, and 51.

Limited English Proficiency and Social Measures

Languages

Nearly 45% of Asians in New York City reported Limited English Proficiency (LEP), defined as individuals over the age of five who self-identified as speaking English less than “very

well”.⁶ High levels of LEP among the Asian community are largely due to immigration, as 71% of Asian New Yorkers are foreign-born.

Most city council districts with large Asian populations also had LEP rates. All 10 of the districts housing the largest Asian communities reported LEP rates above 50%.

In 35 districts, at least 1 in 3 Asians self-identified as LEP. District 20 in Queens and District 43 in Brooklyn had the highest rates of LEP, with nearly 70% of Asian residents in these districts lacking English proficiency.

Seniors and Children

The Asian population in the city displayed a similar age distribution to the overall city demographics, although some districts had a higher concentration of Asian seniors. Among the broader population of New York City, adults aged 18 to 64 were the largest age group, making up 62.9% of the population, followed by children at 19.8%, then seniors with 17.3%.⁷ Asians follow a similar distribution with adults comprising 65.9% of the population, followed by children at 17.6%, and then seniors at 15.5%.

Several districts with large Asian populations also had disproportionately large numbers of Asian seniors, including District 20 and

23 in Queens, with 21,511 (21.4%) and 13,287 (18.5%) respectively. District 1 in Manhattan had the highest percentage of Asian seniors among all districts, with 13,521 individuals, accounting for 27.6% of its Asian population. Of the districts with more than 1,000 Asian seniors, the following districts had senior populations that comprised more than the city-wide average of 17%: District 1 (27.6%), District 20 (21.3%), District 46 (20.3%), District 47 (19.6%), District 37 (19.6%), District 24 (19.1%), District 19 (19.0%), District 42 (18.7%), and District 23 (18.4%). Districts with older Asian populations also tended to have higher rates of LEP.

School-aged children, defined as those between the ages of 5 and 17, comprised a significant share at greater than 15% of the population in 21 districts. District 43 had the largest total population of Asian school-aged children at 12,207 (17.0% of the population), followed closely by Districts 20 (12,043, or 11.9%) and District 23 (10,879, or 15.1%). In Districts 44 in Brooklyn, 17 and 18 in the Bronx, and 51 in Staten Island, school-aged children comprised more than 20% of the Asian population. Districts 27, 11, and 31 all had notably high rates of children under the age of 5, who made up approximately 9% or more of the Asian population in these districts.

In Districts 44 in Brooklyn, 17 and 18 in the Bronx, and 51 in Staten Island, school-aged children comprised more than 20% of the Asian population.

⁶ <https://www.lep.gov/source-and-methodology>

⁷ <https://censusreporter.org/profiles/16000US3651000-new-york-ny>

Poverty

Poverty was a significant issue for Asian New Yorkers, with at least one in five Asians living in poverty in 14 districts. In the majority of districts, at least 15% of Asians lived below the poverty line. District 20 had the largest number of Asians living below the federal poverty line, followed by Districts 43 and 1. While Districts 41 in Brooklyn and 17 in the Bronx each had relatively small Asian populations, nearly two in five Asians in these districts lived below the poverty line.

City council districts with the largest Asian populations also contained the most Asian households receiving SNAP benefits, with Districts 20, 1, and 43 leading total SNAP enrollment. In 21 districts, SNAP enrollment rates among Asian households exceeded 20%, and in the majority of districts, at least 1 in 6 Asian households had relied on SNAP benefits within the previous 12 months.

Affordable housing also remains a pressing issue for Asian households. In 15 council districts, 50% or more of Asian households were rent-burdened, meaning they spent 30% or more of their household's monthly income on rent and utilities. While the greatest number of rent-burdened Asian households was found in larger districts, such as Districts 20, 1, and 43, the highest percentages of Asian households facing rent burdens were found in Districts 14, 12, and 15.

understanding of the rapidly growing and diverse Asian American population in the New York metropolitan area.

Data citations from this profile should include the following acknowledgment: "Data derived from analysis by the Asian American Federation Census Information Center."

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About This Profile

Asian American population briefs and profiles are prepared by the Asian American Federation Census Information Center (CIC) to increase

Table 1: Asian Population by New York City Council Districts

		2023 Population		2018 Population		Asian Population Change 2018-2023
City Council District		Asian	Percent Asian	Asian	Percent Asian	
M	1	48,946	30.0%	53,589	34.5%	-8.7%
M	2	25,405	15.4%	24,684	16.1%	2.9%
M	3	21,449	13.5%	20,349	16.1%	5.4%
M	4	21,972	13.8%	23,026	16.1%	-4.6%
M	5	17,700	10.7%	12,449	12.1%	42.2%
M	6	19,598	11.7%	14,274	11.2%	37.3%
M	7	16,281	9.1%	17,676	9.7%	-7.9%
M & BX	8	10,994	6.4%	10,694	6.4%	2.8%
M	9	8,628	4.7%	8,950	4.9%	-3.6%
M	10	5,941	3.3%	8,217	4.1%	-27.7%
BX	11	9,558	5.5%	10,893	6.8%	-12.3%
BX	12	3,208	1.9%	3,869	3.5%	-17.1%
BX	13	13,990	8.2%	12,093	7.2%	15.7%
BX	14	2,883	1.7%	4,790	2.7%	-39.8%
BX	15	2,722	1.7%	3,672	2.3%	-25.9%
BX	16	1,674	1.0%	3,013	1.8%	-44.4%
BX	17	1,704	1.0%	2,367	1.5%	-28.0%
BX	18	17,585	10.9%	17,006	11.1%	3.4%
Q	19	56,364	33.9%	55,105	34.8%	2.3%
Q	20	100,533	65.8%	89,516	70.0%	12.3%
Q	21	17,712	11.7%	15,271	14.8%	16.0%
Q	22	20,926	13.5%	24,804	15.8%	-15.6%
Q	23	71,846	43.2%	64,151	45.7%	12.0%
Q	24	51,002	30.2%	55,604	35.8%	-8.3%
Q	25	56,822	34.9%	46,931	37.9%	21.1%
Q	26	45,159	30.4%	33,129	31.0%	36.3%
Q	27	17,406	10.2%	15,506	9.6%	12.3%
Q	28	30,830	18.2%	31,153	21.6%	-1.0%
Q	29	44,618	25.9%	51,132	30.8%	-12.7%
Q	30	29,522	17.8%	29,231	18.9%	1.0%
Q	31	5,497	3.2%	3,994	3.2%	37.6%
Q	32	23,163	13.4%	26,252	16.4%	-11.8%

Note: **M** = Manhattan; **BX** = Bronx; **Q** = Queens; **BK** = Brooklyn; **SI** = Staten Island

Table 1: Continued

		2023 Population		2018 Population		Asian Population Change 2018-2023
City Council District		Asian	Percent Asian	Asian	Percent Asian	
BK	33	12,247	6.9%	11,008	8.2%	11.3%
BK	34	13,607	8.4%	14,337	9.9%	-5.1%
BK	35	11,448	6.6%	11,236	7.7%	1.9%
BK	36	7,290	4.3%	7,293	4.5%	0.0%
BK	37	10,864	6.6%	10,174	6.3%	6.8%
BK	38	42,565	26.6%	41,374	28.4%	2.9%
BK	39	19,238	11.1%	22,196	14.0%	-13.3%
BK	40	8,956	5.5%	10,200	6.5%	-12.2%
BK	41	2,549	1.6%	2,854	2.1%	-10.7%
BK	42	6,449	3.7%	3,185	2.1%	102.4%
BK	43	71,797	44.4%	71,628	46.6%	0.2%
BK	44	16,833	10.6%	17,857	11.7%	-5.7%
BK	45	10,637	6.5%	11,972	7.4%	-11.2%
BK	46	12,591	7.7%	15,188	9.3%	-17.1%
BK	47	28,637	17.1%	31,590	19.9%	-9.3%
BK	48	25,051	15.1%	25,879	16.2%	-3.2%
SI	49	15,414	9.6%	11,871	9.7%	29.8%
SI	50	29,345	17.1%	18,043	13.4%	62.6%
SI	51	16,206	9.2%	10,270	7.7%	57.8%
Grand Total		1,383,664	16.5%	1,141,546	14.9%	21.2%

Note: Slight discrepancies may exist between the sum totals of different ACS tables. This can be caused by data suppression through various methods or restrictions that are applied to [ACS data](#) to limit the disclosure of information about individual respondents and the number of published estimates with unacceptable statistical reliability, or by differing margins of error for separate variables. Additionally, because AAF had to apply weights to arrive at population estimates at the city council district level — a geography not provided by the Census Bureau — the total sums of each row may not exactly match the listed totals, which are reported directly from county level ACS data.

Table 2: Asian Ethnic Group Populations by New York City Council Districts

		Asian Group				
	City Council District	Chinese (excluding Taiwanese)	Indian	Filipino	Bangladeshi	Korean
M	1	40,689	5,127	1,345	78	3,698
M	2	15,769	4,519	1,465	252	2,577
M	3	10,141	6,439	1,602	407	2,998
M	4	9,194	7,627	2,110	277	2,572
M	5	6,626	5,984	2,131	9	2,228
M	6	7,335	5,100	2,326	40	3,477
M	7	8,520	3,344	607	139	1,980
M & BX	8	6,687	2,235	1,442	265	832
M	9	3,224	2,698	1,490	328	1,008
M	10	2,666	1,253	1,603	288	682
BX	11	1,940	4,798	1,611	1,981	1,036
BX	12	499	1,507	1,336	351	54
BX	13	3,344	3,564	3,806	1,183	683
BX	14	731	688	558	454	168
BX	15	494	1,293	383	440	271
BX	16	455	838	314	421	163
BX	17	562	672	375	159	129
BX	18	1,023	9,242	783	8,599	112
Q	19	39,290	2,314	2,131	788	14,908
Q	20	80,744	4,043	2,736	927	12,239
Q	21	9,912	4,291	1,332	1,507	502
Q	22	6,106	5,552	3,033	2,229	2,484
Q	23	23,429	27,988	7,427	6,205	8,905
Q	24	20,618	10,901	5,770	11,555	2,163
Q	25	20,483	9,779	7,157	9,706	1,852
Q	26	13,903	7,549	6,973	8,723	5,284
Q	27	2,024	6,421	1,448	11,138	212
Q	28	2,547	26,145	958	4,103	220
Q	29	14,755	21,831	3,264	2,249	2,129
Q	30	17,372	2,400	5,163	529	1,598
Q	31	2,141	2,736	1,082	525	281
Q	32	7,806	9,834	3,593	4,498	513

Table 2: Continued

		Asian Group				
	City Council District	Chinese (excluding Taiwanese)	Indian	Filipino	Bangladeshi	Korean
BK	33	7,336	3,225	1,585	197	3,399
BK	34	7,170	2,529	1,558	301	1,627
BK	35	7,312	2,902	2,123	243	2,030
BK	36	3,129	2,601	1,199	630	795
BK	37	3,788	3,425	1,347	3,111	698
BK	38	39,431	1,842	1,110	911	645
BK	39	7,792	5,984	1,941	2,558	3,319
BK	40	2,943	2,560	1,016	1,379	1,015
BK	41	1,064	538	293	874	301
BK	42	1,133	2,544	440	3,301	276
BK	43	68,230	756	642	986	555
BK	44	9,794	2,037	567	628	415
BK	45	2,579	2,709	665	1,854	281
BK	46	9,601	1,354	1,521	269	496
BK	47	20,861	2,848	1,319	1,035	697
BK	48	16,467	1,760	1,042	1,090	771
SI	49	7,575	3,161	2,843	550	486
SI	50	21,180	4,425	3,294	144	1,163
SI	51	12,914	1,402	1,572	103	2,198
Grand Total		618,414	255,912	101,859	100,414	96,927

Table 2: Continued

		Asian Group					
	City Council District	Pakistani	Japanese	Vietnamese	Uzbek	Taiwanese	Other Asian Groups
M	1	237	1,425	1,212	23	1,107	1,879
M	2	591	2,264	622	43	1,033	2,239
M	3	660	2,348	1,050	118	954	1,364
M	4	525	2,771	529	34	1,199	1,438
M	5	1,140	2,407	507	0	349	1,294
M	6	349	2,103	506	0	764	1,999
M	7	957	1,332	288	0	410	2,350
M & BX	8	148	1,023	378	3	111	1,018
M	9	492	978	272	0	220	1,455
M	10	158	932	48	0	112	1,449
BX	11	733	380	403	0	50	1,779
BX	12	171	51	240	0	42	1,293
BX	13	1,995	262	1,713	0	42	2,683
BX	14	33	165	761	0	13	595
BX	15	152	89	99	0	58	1,481
BX	16	9	161	70	0	0	347
BX	17	225	185	67	24	0	970
BX	18	385	24	288	0	0	1,944
Q	19	1,034	935	1,155	164	1,892	3,339
Q	20	2,876	665	824	455	1,853	5,056
Q	21	549	148	246	46	103	3,015
Q	22	1,720	1,339	1,570	0	537	2,948
Q	23	4,174	260	735	244	645	7,397
Q	24	1,551	784	775	2,170	818	4,921
Q	25	1,442	1,303	897	30	335	13,022
Q	26	1,140	2,205	528	0	1,331	7,078
Q	27	462	0	109	0	12	1,303
Q	28	1,184	77	171	0	36	4,488
Q	29	2,764	1,601	390	1,521	1,173	5,469
Q	30	960	530	1,282	452	405	6,363
Q	31	1,124	165	59	64	78	1,108
Q	32	1,060	241	316	30	48	2,973

Table 2: Continued

		Asian Group					
	City Council District	Pakistani	Japanese	Vietnamese	Uzbek	Taiwanese	Other Asian Groups
BK	33	226	1,267	705	152	297	1,379
BK	34	538	1,489	675	106	489	2,137
BK	35	243	1,252	715	17	436	1,567
BK	36	210	1,700	330	17	441	1,238
BK	37	134	623	457	10	133	967
BK	38	1,360	676	811	355	193	1,555
BK	39	1,896	1,872	546	1,022	498	1,935
BK	40	1,454	450	73	399	141	1,326
BK	41	194	32	133	198	52	375
BK	42	86	4	14	594	27	809
BK	43	2,681	397	1,072	2,102	199	2,286
BK	44	3,411	110	259	2,235	34	2,630
BK	45	3,381	253	96	1,026	39	1,420
BK	46	1,664	240	264	175	42	1,019
BK	47	3,332	583	787	1,515	344	2,062
BK	48	3,205	22	932	4,498	32	5,621
SI	49	2,173	474	341	63	121	3,194
SI	50	2,268	394	964	561	69	4,210
SI	51	608	295	290	698	102	1,579
Grand Total		59,456	40,991	27,284	20,466	19,317	131,787

Table 3: Limited English Proficiency (LEP) Rates in the Asian Population by New York City Council Districts

	City Council District	Asian Population	LEP Asian Population	LEP Rate
M	1	48,946	24,125	49.3%
M	2	25,405	7,050	27.8%
M	3	21,449	3,724	17.4%
M	4	21,972	3,011	13.7%
M	5	17,700	3,769	21.3%
M	6	19,598	3,386	17.3%
M	7	16,281	3,621	22.2%
M & BX	8	10,994	4,659	42.4%
M	9	8,628	1,844	21.4%
M	10	5,941	1,343	22.6%
BX	11	9,558	3,327	34.8%
BX	12	3,208	877	27.4%
BX	13	13,990	5,833	41.7%
BX	14	2,883	1,266	43.9%
BX	15	2,722	1,227	45.1%
BX	16	1,674	697	41.7%
BX	17	1,704	565	33.2%
BX	18	17,585	8,445	48.0%
Q	19	56,364	30,273	53.7%
Q	20	100,533	70,330	70.0%
Q	21	17,712	10,171	57.4%
Q	22	20,926	7,019	33.5%
Q	23	71,846	27,912	38.9%
Q	24	51,002	25,488	50.0%
Q	25	56,822	25,853	45.5%
Q	26	45,159	17,590	39.0%
Q	27	17,406	9,048	52.0%
Q	28	30,830	7,372	23.9%
Q	29	44,618	14,177	31.8%
Q	30	29,522	12,906	43.7%
Q	31	5,497	1,849	33.6%
Q	32	23,163	9,046	39.1%

Table 3: Continued

	City Council District	Asian Population	LEP Asian Population	LEP Rate
BK	33	12,247	1,806	14.7%
BK	34	13,607	4,704	34.6%
BK	35	11,448	2,834	24.8%
BK	36	7,290	1,796	24.6%
BK	37	10,864	4,976	45.8%
BK	38	42,565	27,344	64.2%
BK	39	19,238	5,539	28.8%
BK	40	8,956	2,971	33.2%
BK	41	2,549	770	30.2%
BK	42	6,449	3,198	49.6%
BK	43	71,797	49,970	69.6%
BK	44	16,833	9,380	55.7%
BK	45	10,637	4,949	46.5%
BK	46	12,591	6,948	55.2%
BK	47	28,637	14,943	52.2%
BK	48	25,051	13,505	53.9%
SI	49	15,414	7,322	47.5%
SI	50	29,345	13,132	44.7%
SI	51	16,206	7,435	45.9%
	Grand Total	1,183,370	531,330	44.9%

Table 4: Asian Population Age Groups by New York City Council Districts

	City Council District	Asian Population	Under 5 years	5 to 17 years	18 to 64 years	65 years and older
M	1	48,946	2.3%	7.7%	64.6%	27.6%
M	2	25,405	2.7%	3.7%	79.4%	16.9%
M	3	21,449	1.9%	4.3%	87.7%	8.0%
M	4	21,972	3.5%	7.2%	82.9%	9.9%
M	5	17,700	5.1%	10.6%	78.3%	11.1%
M	6	19,598	2.8%	9.3%	80.1%	10.7%
M	7	16,281	2.1%	3.4%	86.6%	10.1%
M & BX	8	10,994	5.8%	8.6%	73.8%	17.6%
M	9	8,628	1.4%	7.7%	77.9%	14.5%
M	10	5,941	2.4%	2.4%	87.4%	10.2%
BX	11	9,558	9.3%	13.0%	69.8%	17.2%
BX	12	3,208	2.9%	13.8%	61.2%	25.0%
BX	13	13,990	5.7%	16.7%	70.2%	13.0%
BX	14	2,883	3.0%	13.4%	67.0%	19.6%
BX	15	2,722	3.5%	6.6%	66.3%	27.1%
BX	16	1,674	6.4%	14.7%	66.6%	18.7%
BX	17	1,704	3.2%	20.4%	61.2%	18.4%
BX	18	17,585	8.9%	21.4%	67.3%	11.2%
Q	19	56,364	6.1%	15.7%	65.2%	19.1%
Q	20	100,533	4.5%	12.0%	66.6%	21.4%
Q	21	17,712	5.6%	11.5%	71.2%	17.3%
Q	22	20,926	4.1%	10.5%	76.4%	13.1%
Q	23	71,846	5.6%	15.1%	66.4%	18.5%
Q	24	51,002	5.8%	14.1%	66.8%	19.1%
Q	25	56,822	5.0%	14.7%	68.7%	16.6%
Q	26	45,159	5.7%	11.6%	76.3%	12.0%
Q	27	17,406	10.2%	16.2%	70.9%	12.9%
Q	28	30,830	6.1%	16.4%	68.2%	15.3%
Q	29	44,618	5.7%	13.3%	70.5%	16.2%
Q	30	29,522	5.5%	15.2%	69.3%	15.4%
Q	31	5,497	9.1%	18.2%	67.8%	14.0%
Q	32	23,163	6.4%	17.2%	68.1%	14.7%

Note: Totals displayed in this table are the derived from ACS 2023 5-Year data table B01001D at the county-level for Asian Alone, rather than the sum of all city council district totals. As such, the total value of all rows may differ slightly from the county-level totals.

Table 4: Continued

	City Council District	Asian Population	Under 5 years	5 to 17 years	18 to 64 years	65 years and older
BK	33	12,247	4.0%	5.5%	89.7%	4.8%
BK	34	13,607	3.2%	6.7%	82.0%	11.2%
BK	35	11,448	2.1%	6.0%	84.6%	9.4%
BK	36	7,290	5.3%	6.6%	86.6%	6.7%
BK	37	10,864	4.9%	10.0%	70.4%	19.6%
BK	38	42,565	6.4%	17.6%	67.3%	15.1%
BK	39	19,238	6.3%	15.3%	76.1%	8.6%
BK	40	8,956	5.8%	13.3%	74.8%	11.9%
BK	41	2,549	4.2%	15.4%	71.8%	12.8%
BK	42	6,449	6.3%	18.7%	62.5%	18.8%
BK	43	71,797	5.5%	17.0%	66.0%	17.0%
BK	44	16,833	7.8%	22.5%	64.1%	13.4%
BK	45	10,637	8.0%	19.6%	66.5%	13.9%
BK	46	12,591	4.6%	15.5%	64.2%	20.3%
BK	47	28,637	5.6%	14.9%	65.4%	19.7%
BK	48	25,051	5.2%	15.9%	66.3%	17.7%
SI	49	15,414	5.4%	12.0%	70.2%	17.8%
SI	50	29,345	5.7%	17.2%	67.9%	14.9%
SI	51	16,206	5.5%	20.8%	63.6%	15.6%
	Grand Total	1,244,904	4.9%	12.7%	66.0%	15.5%

Table 5: Poverty Rates by New York City Council Districts

	City Council District	Asian Population	Asians Below Poverty	Asian Poverty Rate
M	1	48,946	9,763	19.9%
M	2	25,405	4,036	15.9%
M	3	21,449	1,914	8.9%
M	4	21,972	2,635	12.0%
M	5	17,700	1,044	5.9%
M	6	19,598	2,499	12.8%
M	7	16,281	3,132	19.2%
M & BX	8	10,994	2,287	20.8%
M	9	8,628	1,761	20.4%
M	10	5,941	1,115	18.8%
BX	11	9,558	1,762	18.4%
BX	12	3,208	636	19.8%
BX	13	13,990	1,556	11.1%
BX	14	2,883	493	17.1%
BX	15	2,722	579	21.3%
BX	16	1,674	458	27.4%
BX	17	1,704	698	41.0%
BX	18	17,585	3,287	18.7%
Q	19	56,364	6,520	11.6%
Q	20	100,533	21,623	21.5%
Q	21	17,712	2,551	14.4%
Q	22	20,926	2,210	10.6%
Q	23	71,846	6,862	9.6%
Q	24	51,002	7,255	14.2%
Q	25	56,822	8,294	14.6%
Q	26	45,159	5,196	11.5%
Q	27	17,406	2,953	17.0%
Q	28	30,830	3,455	11.2%
Q	29	44,618	4,527	10.1%
Q	30	29,522	3,877	13.1%
Q	31	5,497	649	11.8%
Q	32	23,163	3,420	14.8%

Table 5: Continued

	City Council District	Asian Population	Asians Below Poverty	Asian Poverty Rate
BK	33	12,247	1,851	15.1%
BK	34	13,607	2,488	18.3%
BK	35	11,448	2,118	18.5%
BK	36	7,290	1,625	22.3%
BK	37	10,864	1,573	14.5%
BK	38	42,565	9,385	22.0%
BK	39	19,238	2,605	13.5%
BK	40	8,956	1,802	20.1%
BK	41	2,549	895	35.1%
BK	42	6,449	1,453	22.5%
BK	43	71,797	15,610	21.7%
BK	44	16,833	3,593	21.3%
BK	45	10,637	2,617	24.6%
BK	46	12,591	2,319	18.4%
BK	47	28,637	4,825	16.8%
BK	48	25,051	4,257	17.0%
SI	49	15,414	1,814	11.8%
SI	50	29,345	3,697	12.6%
SI	51	16,206	1,948	12.0%
	Grand Total	1,183,366	185,525	15.7%

Table 6: Asian Households Receiving SNAP by New York City Council Districts

	City Council District	Total Asian Households	Asian Households that Received SNAP	Percentage
M	1	24,574	7,600	30.9%
M	2	12,264	1,896	15.5%
M	3	12,565	410	3.3%
M	4	11,079	218	2.0%
M	5	8,842	402	4.5%
M	6	9,417	316	3.4%
M	7	5,268	351	6.7%
M & BX	8	4,835	1,030	21.3%
M	9	3,840	568	14.8%
M	10	2,873	247	8.6%
BX	11	3,435	754	22.0%
BX	12	1,157	176	15.2%
BX	13	4,572	606	13.3%
BX	14	969	340	35.0%
BX	15	1,092	384	35.1%
BX	16	683	281	41.1%
BX	17	793	326	41.1%
BX	18	4,765	1,011	21.2%
Q	19	19,506	2,414	12.4%
Q	20	37,913	6,751	17.8%
Q	21	5,981	1,288	21.5%
Q	22	8,893	1,058	11.9%
Q	23	22,398	2,760	12.3%
Q	24	19,292	2,841	14.7%
Q	25	20,418	3,483	17.1%
Q	26	18,708	1,692	9.0%
Q	27	4,872	1,004	20.6%
Q	28	8,331	1,343	16.1%
Q	29	15,831	1,570	9.9%
Q	30	9,931	1,111	11.2%
Q	31	1,792	527	29.4%
Q	32	6,546	1,254	19.2%

Table 6: Continued

	City Council District	Total Asian Households	Asian Households that Received SNAP	Percentage
BK	33	6,506	328	5.0%
BK	34	6,126	1,126	18.4%
BK	35	5,613	724	12.9%
BK	36	3,069	370	12.1%
BK	37	3,554	625	17.6%
BK	38	13,246	3,062	23.1%
BK	39	7,615	779	10.2%
BK	40	3,746	585	15.6%
BK	41	888	224	25.3%
BK	42	1,917	881	45.9%
BK	43	22,293	5,835	26.2%
BK	44	4,950	1,198	24.2%
BK	45	3,242	615	19.0%
BK	46	4,266	910	21.3%
BK	47	10,354	2,468	23.8%
BK	48	8,312	1,772	21.3%
SI	49	4,890	974	19.9%
SI	50	8,621	1,663	19.3%
SI	51	4,930	517	10.5%
	Grand Total	437,574	70,665	16.1%